

State of Misconsin LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

RESEARCH APPENDIX PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE FROM DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 09/09/2008 (Per: GMM)

Appendix A ... Pt. 03<u>C</u> of 09

The 2007 drafting file for LRB-0174

has been transferred to the drafting file for

2009 LRB-0150

This cover sheet, the final request sheet, and the final version of the 2007 draft were copied on yellow paper, and returned to the original 2005 drafting file.

The attached 2007 draft was incorporated into the new 2009 draft listed above. For research purposes, this cover sheet and the complete drafting file were transferred, as a separate appendix, to the 2009 drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.

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Section 200. 938.02 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.02 (13) "Parent" means either a biological parent, a husband who has consented to the artificial insemination of his wife under s. 891.40, or a parent by adoption, including, in the case of an Indian juvenile, an adoption under tribal law or custom. If the juvenile is a nonmarital child who is not adopted or whose parents do not subsequently intermarry under s. 767.803, "parent" includes a person acknowledged under s. 767.805 or a substantially similar law of another state or adjudicated to be the biological father. "Parent" does not include any person whose parental rights have been terminated.

Section 201. 938.02 (15) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.02 (15) "Relative" means a parent, stepparent, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, half sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, first cousin, 2nd cousin, nephew, niece, uncle, aunt, stepuncle, stepaunt, or any person of a preceding generation as denoted by the prefix of grand, great, or great-great, whether by blood, marriage, or legal adoption, or the spouse of any person named in this subsection, even if the marriage is terminated by death or divorce. "Relative" also includes, in the case of an Indian juvenile, an extended family member, as defined in s. 938.028 (2) (a), whether by blood, marriage, or adoption, including adoption under tribal law or custom.

SECTION 202. 938.02 (15c) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

938.02 (15c) "Reservation" means Indian country, as defined in 18 USC 1151, or any land not covered under that section to which the title is either held by the United States in trust for the benefit of an Indian tribe or individual or held by an Indian tribe or individual, subject to a restriction by the United States against alienation.

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1	SECTION 203. 938.02 (18g) of the statutes is repealed.
2	SECTION 204. 938.02 (18j) of the statutes is created to read:
3	938.02 (18j) "Tribal court" means a court that has jurisdiction over juvenile
4	custody proceedings, and that is either a court of Indian offenses or a court
5	established and operated under the code or custom of an Indian tribe, or any other
6	administrative body of an Indian tribe that is vested with authority over Indian
7	juvenile custody proceedings.
8	SECTION 205. 938.028 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
9	938.028 Indian juvenile welfare. (1) DECLARATION OF POLICY. In Indian
10	juvenile custody proceedings, the best interests of the Indian juvenile shall be
11	determined consistent with the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to
12	1963. It is the policy of this state to do all of the following:
13	(a) Cooperate fully with Indian tribes in order to ensure that the federal Indian
14	Child Welfare Act is enforced in this state. (b) Protect the best interests of Indian juveniles and promote the stability and
15	(b) Protect the best interests of Indian juveniles and promote the stability and
16)	security of Indian tribes and families by the establishment of minimum standards
17	for the removal of Indian juveniles from their families and the placement of those
18	juveniles in out-of-home care placements that will reflect the unique value of Indian
19	culture.
20	(2) Definitions. In this section:
21	(a) "Extended family member" means a person who is defined as a member of
22	an Indian juvenile's extended family by the law or custom of the Indian juvenile's

tribe or, in the absence of such a law or custom, a person who has attained the age

of 18 years and who is the Indian juvenile's grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister,

brother-in-law, sister-in-law, niece, nephew, first cousin, 2nd cousin, or stepparent.

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(b) "Indian juvenile custody proceeding" means a proceeding under s. 938.13
(4), (6), (6m), or (7) that is governed by the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC
1901 to 1963, in which an out-of-home care placement may occur.

- (c) "Out-of-home care placement" means the removal of an Indian juvenile from his or her parent or Indian custodian for temporary placement in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, presidential care center for children and youth or in the home of a guardian, from which placement the parent or Indian custodian cannot have the juvenile returned upon demand.
- (3) Jurisdiction over Indian Juvenile custody proceedings. (a) Exclusive tribal jurisdiction. 1. An Indian tribe shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any Indian juvenile custody proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who resides or is domiciled within the reservation of the tribe, except when that jurisdiction is otherwise vested in the state by federal law and except as provided in subd. 2. If an Indian juvenile is a ward of a tribal court, the Indian tribe shall retain exclusive jurisdiction regardless of the residence or domicile of the juvenile.
- 2. Subdivision 1. does not prevent an Indian juvenile who resides or is domiciled within a reservation, but who is temporarily located off the reservation, from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21 in order to prevent imminent physical harm or damage to the Indian juvenile. The person taking the Indian juvenile into custody or the intake worker shall immediately release the Indian juvenile from custody upon determining that holding the Indian juvenile in custody is no longer necessary to prevent imminent physical damage or harm to the Indian juvenile and shall expeditiously initiate an Indian juvenile custody proceeding, transfer the Indian juvenile to the jurisdiction of the appropriate Indian

2007 - 2008 Legislature Indian Juxorle to the jurisdiction of propriate Indian tribe, or initiate an proceeding tribe, er restore the Indian juvenile to his or her parent or Indian custodian, as may 1 $\mathbf{2}$ be appropriate. * (b) Transfer of proceedings to tribe. In any Indian juvenile custody proceeding 4 under this chapter involving an out-of-home placement of an Indian juvenile who 5 is not residing or domiciled within the reservation of the Indian juvenile's tribe, the 6 court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter shall, upon the petition of 7 the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, transfer the proceeding to the 8 jurisdiction of the tribe unless any of the following applies: 9 1. A parent of the Indian juvenile objects to the transfer. 10 2. The tribal court of the Indian juvenile's tribe declines jurisdiction. **a** 3. The court determines that good cause exists to deny the transfer. (assisted to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter 12 (c) Declination of jurisdiction. If the court determines that the petitioner in an Indian juvenile custody proceeding has improperly removed the Indian juvenile from 13 14 the custody of his or her parent or Indian custodian or has improperly retained 15 custody of the Indian juvenile after a visit or other temporary relinquishment of 16 custody, the court shall decline jurisdiction over the petition and immediately return 17 the Indian juvenile to the custody of the parent or Indian custodian, unless the court 18 determines that returning the Indian juvenile to his or her parent or Indian 19 custodian would subject the Indian juvenile to substantial and immediate danger or the threat of that danger. 20 21 (d) Intervention. An Indian juvenile's Indian custodian or tribe may intervene at any point in an Indian juvenile custody proceeding under this chapter. 22 Full faith and credit. The count shall give full faith and credit to the public 23acts, records, and judicial proceedings of any Indian tribe that are applicable to an 24 25 Indian juvenile custody proceeding to the same extent that the state gives full faith

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and credit to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of any other governmental entity.

- (4) Notice (a) Notice. In any involuntary proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the out-of-home care placement of a juvenile whom the court knows or has reason to know is an Indian juvenile, the court or party seeking the out-of-home care placement shall notify the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe, by registered mail, return receipt requested, of the pending proceeding and of their right to intervene in the proceeding. If the identity or location of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe cannot be determined, that notice shall be given to the U.S. secretary of the interior in like manner. The next hearing in the proceeding may not be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for that hearing.
- (b) Appointment of counsel. Whenever an Indian juvenile is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the removal of the Indian juvenile from his or her home or the placement of the Indian juvenile in an out-of-home care placement, the Indian juvenile's parent, or Indian custodian, upon a determination of indigency as provided in s. 938.23 (4), shall have the right to be represented by court-appointed counsel. The court may also, in its discretion, appoint counsel for the Indian juvenile under s. 938.23 (3) if the court finds that the appointment is in the best interests of the Indian juvenile.
- (c) Examination of reports and other documents. Each party to a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the out-of-home care placement of an Indian juvenile shall have the right to examine all reports or other documents filed

with the court upon which any decision with respect to the out-of-home care placement may be based.

- (d) Out-of-home care placement; serious damage and active efforts. The court may not order an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s.

 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) to be placed in an out-of-home care placement unless all of the following occur:
- 1. The court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile.
- 2. The court finds by clear and convincing evidence that active efforts have been made to provide remedial services and rehabilitation programs designed to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.
- (5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile was removed, or the Indian juvenile's tribe may move the court to invalidate that out-of-home care placement on the grounds that the out-of-home care placement was made in violation of sub. (3) or (4) or 25 USC 1911 or 1912. If the court finds that those grounds exist, the court shall invalidate the out-of-home care placement and order the Indian juvenile to be returned to his or her parent or Indian custodian.
- (6) PLACEMENT OF INDIAN JUVENILE. (a) Out-of-home care placement; preferences. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is placed in an out-of-home care placement shall be placed in the least restrictive setting that most approximates a family, that meets the Indian

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placement preference requirements of this subsection shall be the prevailing social

and cultural standards of the Indian community in which the Indian juvenile's

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1 parents or extended family members reside or with which the Indian juvenile's parents or extended family members maintain social and cultural ties. 2

- Report of placement. The department of health and family services shall maintain a record of each out-of-home care placement made of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), evidencing the efforts made to comply with the placement preference requirements specified in this subsection, and shall make that record available at any time on the request of the U.S. secretary of the interior or the Indian juvenile's tribe.
- (7) RETURN OF CUSTODY; REMOVAL FROM OUT-OF-HOME CARE PLACEMENT. If an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) is removed from an out-of-home care placement for the purpose of placing the Indian juvenile in another out-of-home care placement, a preadoptive placement, as defined in s. 48.028 (2) (f), or an adoptive placement, as defined in s. 48.028 (2) (a), the placement shall be made in accordance with this section and s. 48.028. Removal of such an Indian juvenile from an out-of-home care placement for the purpose of returning the Indian juvenile to the home of the parent or Indian custodian from whose custody the Indian juvenile was originally removed is not subject to this section.
- (8) HIGHER STATE OR FEDERAL STANDARD APPLICABLE. The federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, supersedes this chapter in any Indian juvenile custody proceeding governed by that act, except that in any case in which this chapter provides a higher standard of protection for the rights of an Indian juvenile's parent of Indian custodian than the rights provided under that act, the court shall apply the standard under this chapter.

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****NOTE: There are no provisions in s. 938.028 that are parallel to s. 48.028 (5) relating to voluntary placements and s. 48.928 (9) relating to adoptee information because there is no authority in ch. 938 for voluntary placements or adoption. That authority is found solely in ch. 48.

Section 206. 938.13 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.13 Jurisdiction over juveniles alleged to be in need of protection or services. (intro.) The Except as provided in s. 938.028 (3), the court has exclusive original jurisdiction over a juvenile alleged to be in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court if any of the following conditions applies:

Section 207. 938.15 of the statutes is amended to read:

938.15 Jurisdiction of other courts to determine legal custody. Nothing Except as provided in s. 938.028 (3), nothing in this chapter deprives another court of the right to determine the legal custody juvenile by habeas corpus or to determine the legal custody or guardianship of a juvenile if the legal custody or guardianship is incidental to the determination of an action pending in that court. But Except as provided in s. 938.028 (3), the jurisdiction of the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 is paramount in all cases involving juveniles alleged to come within the provisions of ss. 938.12 to 938.14.

Section 208. 938.185 (4) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.185 (4) (title) AMERICAN INDIAN JUVENILES.

SECTION 209. 938.185 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.185 (4) (intro.) Venue for a proceeding under s. 938.12 or 938.13 (12) based on an allegation that an American Indian juvenile has committed a delinquent act may not be in the county specified in sub. (1) (a), unless that county is specified in sub. (1) (b) or (c), if all of the following circumstances apply:

SECTION 210. 938.185 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.185 (4) (a) At the time of the alleged delinquent act the juvenile was under an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to adoption, physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent guardianship.

SECTION 211. 938.185 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.185 (4) (b) At the time of the alleged delinquent act the juvenile was physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe of the tribal court and any off-reservation trust land of either that Indian tribe or a member of that Indian tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under par.

(a), including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative of the juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically outside the boundaries of a reservation and off-reservation trust land.

SECTION 212. 938.19 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.19 (2) Notification of Parent, Guardian, Legal custodian, Indian custodian. Undian Custodian when a juvenile is taken into physical custody under this section, the person taking the juvenile into custody shall immediately attempt to notify the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the juvenile by the most practical means. The person taking the juvenile into custody shall continue such attempt until the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the juvenile are notified, or the juvenile is delivered to an intake worker under s. 938.20 (3), whichever occurs first. If the juvenile is delivered to the intake worker before the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian are notified, the intake worker, or another person at his or her direction, shall continue the attempt to notify until the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the juvenile are notified.

SECTION 213. 938.20 (2) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (2) (ag) Except as provided in pars. (b) to (g), a person taking a juvenile into custody shall make every effort to release the juvenile immediately to the juvenile's parent, guardian or, legal custodian, or Indian custodian.

SECTION 214. 938.20 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (2) (b) If the juvenile's parent, guardian er, legal custodian, or Indian custodian is unavailable, unwilling, or unable to provide supervision for the juvenile, the person who took the juvenile into custody may release the juvenile to a responsible adult after counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate.

SECTION 215. 938.20 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (3) Notification to parent, guardian, legal custodian, Indian custodian of Release. If the juvenile is released under sub. (2) (b) to (d) or (g), the person who took the juvenile into custody shall immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the time and circumstances of the release and the person, if any, to whom the juvenile was released. If the juvenile is not released under sub. (2), the person who took the juvenile into custody shall arrange in a manner determined by the court and law enforcement agencies for the juvenile to be interviewed by the intake worker under s. 938.067 (2). The person who took the juvenile into custody shall make a statement in writing with supporting facts of the reasons why the juvenile was taken into physical custody and shall give a copy of the statement to the intake worker and to any juvenile 10 years of age or older. If the intake interview is not done in person, the report may be read to the intake worker.

SECTION 216. 938.20 (7) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (7) (c) 1. To a parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian, or to a responsible adult if the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian is unavailable, unwilling, or unable to provide supervision for the juvenile, counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate; or, if the juvenile is 15 years of age or older, without immediate adult supervision, counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate.

Section 217. 938.20 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (7) (d) If the juvenile is released from custody, the intake worker shall immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian and, legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the time and circumstances of the release and the person, if any, to whom the juvenile was released.

Section 218. 938.20 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (8) (a) If a juvenile is held in custody, the intake worker shall notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the reasons for holding the juvenile in custody and of the juvenile's whereabouts unless there is reason to believe that notice would present imminent danger to the juvenile. The parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian shall also be notified of the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 938.21, the nature and possible consequences of the hearing, and the right to present and cross-examine witnesses at the hearing, and, in the case of a parent or Indian custodian of an Indian juvenile, the right to counsel under s. 938.028 (4) (b) regardless of ability to pay. If the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian is not immediately available, the intake worker or another person designated by the court shall provide notice as soon as possible.

SECTION 219. 938.21 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	938.21 (2) (title) Proceedings concerning Runaway or delinquent Juveniles.
2	SECTION 220. 938.21 (2) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
3	938.21 (2) (ag) Proceedings concerning a juvenile who comes within the
4	jurisdiction of the court under s. 938.12 or 938.13 $\overline{(7)}$ or $\overline{(12)}$ or $\overline{(14)}$ shall be conducted
5	according to this subsection.
6	SECTION 221. 938.21 (3) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	938.21 (3) (ag) Proceedings concerning a juvenile who comes within the
8	jurisdiction of the court under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (14) (7) shall be conducted
9	according to this subsection.
10	SECTION 222. 938.21 (3) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	938.21 (3) (am) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian
12	may waive his or her right to participate in the hearing under this section. After any
13	waiver, a rehearing shall be granted at the request of the parent, guardian, legal
14	custodian, Indian custodian, or any other interested party for good cause shown.
15	SECTION 223. 938.21 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	938.21 (3) (b) If present at the hearing, a copy of the petition or request shall
17	be given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian, and to the
18	juvenile if he or she is 12 years of age or older, before the hearing begins. Prior notice
19	of the hearing shall be given to the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian,
20	and Indian custodian and to the juvenile if he or she is 12 years of age or older under
21	s. 938.20 (8).
22	Section 224. 938.21 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	938.21 (3) (d) Prior to the commencement of the hearing, the court shall inform
24	the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian of the allegations that
25	have been made or may be made, the nature and possible consequences of this

hearing as compared to possible future hearings, the right to present, confront, and
cross-examine witnesses, and the right to present witnesses and, in the case of a
parent or Indian custodian of an Indian juvenile, the right to counsel under s.
938.028 (4) (b) regardless of ability to pay.
SECTION 225. 938.21 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.21 (3) (e) If the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, Indian custodian, or
the juvenile is not represented by counsel at the hearing and if the juvenile is
continued in custody as a result of the hearing, the parent, guardian, legal custodian
Indian custodian, or juvenile may request through counsel subsequently appointed
or retained or through a guardian ad litem that the order to hold the juvenile in
custody be reheard. If the request is made, a rehearing shall take place as soon as
possible. An order to hold the juvenile in custody shall be reheard for good cause
whether or not counsel was present.
SECTION 226. 938.21 (5) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.21 (5) (d) and
amended to read:
938.21 (5) (d) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s
$938.355(2\mathrm{d})(\mathrm{b})1.$ to $4.$ applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing
under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the
permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the
agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency
plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
SECTION 227. 938.21 (5) (d) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 228. 938.21 (5) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 229. 938.23 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

938.23 (2g) RIGHT OF INDIAN JUVENILE'S PARENT OR INDIAN CUSTODIAN TO COUNSEL. Whenever an Indian juvenile is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the removal of the Indian juvenile from his or her home or the placement of the Indian juvenile in an out-of-home care placement, the Indian juvenile's parent or Indian custodian, upon a determination of indigency as provided in sub. (4), shall have the right to be represented by court-appointed counsel.

SECTION 230. 938.23 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.23 (3) Power of the court to appoint counsel. Except as provided in this subsection, at At any time, upon request or on its own motion, the court may appoint counsel for the juvenile or any party, unless the juvenile or the party has or wishes to retain counsel of his or her own choosing. The court may not appoint counsel for any party other than the juvenile in a proceeding under s. 938.13.

SECTION 231. 938.23 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.23 (4) Providing counsel. If a juvenile has a right to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court under this section and counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived, the court shall refer the juvenile to the state public defender and counsel shall be appointed by the state public defender under s. 977.08 without a determination of indigency. In any situation under sub. (2g) in which a parent 18 years of age or over is entitled to representation by counsel; counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived; and it appears that the parent is unable to afford counsel in full, or the parent so indicates; the court shall refer the parent to the authority for indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07 (1). In any other situation under this section in which a person has a right to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court, competent and independent counsel shall be provided and reimbursed in any

manner suitable to the court regardless of the person's ability to pay, except that the
court may not order a person who files a petition under s. 813.122 or 813.125 to
reimburse counsel for the juvenile who is named as the respondent in that petition.

SECTION 232. 938.235 (4) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.235 (4) (a) 7. Petition for relief from a judgment terminating parental rights under s. 48.028 or 48.46.

SECTION 233. 938.24 (2r) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (a) (intro.) If the intake worker determines as a result of the intake inquiry that the juvenile is an American Indian juvenile who has allegedly committed a delinquent act and that all of the following circumstances apply, the intake worker shall promptly notify the clerk of the tribal court under subd. 1., a person who serves as the tribal juvenile intake worker, or a tribal prosecuting attorney that the juvenile has allegedly committed a delinquent act under those circumstances:

SECTION 234. 938.24 (2r) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (a) 1. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was under an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to adoption, physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent guardianship.

SECTION 235. 938.24 (2r) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (a) 2. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe of the tribal court and any off-reservation trust land of either that Indian tribe or a member of that Indian tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under subd. 1., including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative of the

juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically outside the boundaries of a reservation and off-reservation trust land.

SECTION 236. 938.24 (2r) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (b) If the intake worker is notified by an official of the <u>Indian</u> tribe that a petition relating to the delinquent act has been or may be filed in tribal court, the intake worker shall consult with tribal officials, unless the intake worker determines under sub. (4) that the case should be closed. After the consultation, the intake worker shall determine whether the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court. If the intake worker determines that the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court, the intake worker shall close the case. If the intake worker determines that the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would not be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court, the intake worker shall proceed under sub. (3) or (4).

Section 237. 938.243 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.243 (1) (e) The right of the juvenile to counsel under s. 938.23.

Section 238. 938.243 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.243 (3) Information when Juvenile not at intake conference or has not had a hearing under s. 938.21 and was not present at an intake conference under s. 938.24, the intake worker shall notify the juvenile, parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian as appropriate of their basic rights under this section. The notice shall be given verbally, either in person or by telephone, and in writing. The notice shall be given in sufficient time to allow the juvenile, parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian

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1	custodian to prepare for the plea hearing. This subsection does not apply to cases of
2	deferred prosecution under s. 938.245.
3	SECTION 239. 938.255 (1) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	938.255 (1) (cm) If the petition is initiating proceedings other than proceedings
5	under s. 938.12, 938.125 or 938.13 (12) under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), whether
6	the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to
7	1963, and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the
8	juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and Indian tribe, if known.
9	SECTION 240. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. a. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	938.255 (1) (cr) 1. a. The juvenile is an American Indian juvenile.
11	SECTION 241. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. b. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	938.255 (1) (cr) 1. b. At the time of the alleged delinquent act, the juvenile was
13	under an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to
14	adoption, physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent
15	guardianship.
16	Section 242. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
17	938.255 (1) (cr) 1. c. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was
18	physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe
19	of the tribal court and any off-reservation trust land of either that Indian tribe or a
20	member of that Indian tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under

SECTION 243. 938.255 (1) (cr) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

outside the boundaries of a reservation and off-reservation trust land.

subd. 1. b., including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative

of the juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically

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938.255 (1) (cr) 2. If the statement under subd. 1. is included in the petition and if the intake worker, district attorney, or corporation counsel has been notified by an official of the <u>Indian</u> tribe that a petition relating to the delinquent act has been or may be filed in tribal court with respect to the alleged delinquent act, a statement to that effect.

Section 244. 938.255 (1) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

938.255 (1) (g) If the juvenile is or may be an Indian juvenile and is alleged to come within the provisions of s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), reliable and credible information showing that continued custody of the juvenile by the juvenile's parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and reliable and credible information showing that the person who took the juvenile into custody and the intake worker have made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 245. 938.255 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.255 (2) If any of the facts in sub. (1) (a) to (cr) and, (f), and (g) are not known or cannot be ascertained by the petitioner, the petition shall so state.

SECTION 246. 938.255 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.255 (4) COPY TO JUVENILE, PARENTS, AND OTHERS. A copy of the petition shall be given to the juvenile and to the parents, guardian, legal custodian and physical custodian. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is alleged to come within the provisions of s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), a copy of the petition shall also be given to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

SECTION 247. 938.27 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.27 (3) (a) 1. The court shall notify, under s. 938.273, the juvenile, any parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile, and any person specified in par. (b) or (d), if applicable, of all hearings involving the juvenile under this subchapter, except hearings on motions for which notice must be provided only to the juvenile and his or her counsel. If parents entitled to notice have the same place of residence, notice to one constitutes notice to the other. The first notice to any interested party, foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) shall be in writing and may have a copy of the petition attached to it. Notices of subsequent hearings may be given by telephone at least 72 hours before the time of the hearing. The person giving telephone notice shall place in the case file a signed statement of the date and time notice was given and the person to whom he or she spoke.

SECTION 248. 938.27 (3) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

938.27 (3) (d) If the petition that was filed relates to facts concerning a situation under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving an Indian juvenile, the court shall notify, under s. 938.273, the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe and that Indian custodian or tribe may intervene at any point in the proceeding.

SECTION 249. 938.27 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.27 (4) (b) Advise the juvenile and any other party, if applicable, of his or her right to legal counsel regardless of ability to pay.

SECTION 250. 938.273 (1) (a) of the statutes of the statutes is amended to read: 938.273 (1) (a) Service of summons or notice required by s. 938.27 may be made by mailing a copy of the summons and notice to the persons person summoned or notified. If

(ar) Except as provided in par. (b), if the persons person, other than a person
specified in s. 938.27 (4m), fail fails to appear at the hearing or otherwise to
acknowledge service, a continuance shall be granted, except as provided in par. (b),
and service shall be made personally by delivering to the persons person a copy of the
summons or notice; except that if the court determines that it is impracticable to
serve the summons or notice personally, it the court may order service by certified
mail addressed to the last-known addresses address of the persons person.
SECTION 251. 938.273 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:
938.273 (1) (ag) In a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), service of
summons or notice required by s. 938.27 to an Indian juvenile's parent, Indian
custodian, or tribe shall be made as provided in s. 938.028 (4) (a).
SECTION 252. 938.273 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.273 (1) (b) The court may refuse to grant a continuance when the juvenile
is being held in secure custody, but if the court so refuses, it the court shall order that
service of notice of the next hearing be made personally or by certified mail to the
last-known address of the person who failed to appear at the hearing.
SECTION 253. 938.273 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 938.273 (1) (c)
(intro.) and amended to read:
938.273 (1) (c) (intro.) Personal service shall be made at least 72 hours before
the hearing. Mail shall be sent at least 7 days before the hearing, except that when
as follows:
1. When the petition is filed under s. 938.13 and the person to be notified lives
outside the state, the mail shall be sent at least 14 days before the hearing.

Section 254. 938.273 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

938.273 (1) (c) 2. When a petition under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involves an Indian juvenile and the person to be notified is the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the mail shall be sent so that it is received by the person to be notified, or by the U.S. secretary of interior, at least 10 days before the time of the hearing.

SECTION 255. 938.299 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.299 (6) (d) The court may stay the proceedings under this chapter pending the outcome of the paternity proceedings under subch. IX of ch. 767 if the court determines that the paternity proceedings will not unduly delay the proceedings under this chapter and the determination of paternity is necessary to the court's disposition of the juvenile if the juvenile is found to be in need of protection or services or if the court determines that the paternity proceedings may result in a finding that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile and in a petition by the juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe for transfer of the proceeding to the jurisdiction of the tribe.

SECTION 256. 938.299 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.299 (9) (a) If a petition under s. 938.12 or 938.13 (12) includes the statement in s. 938.255 (1) (cr) 2. or if the court is informed during a proceeding under s. 938.12 or 938.13 (12) that a petition relating to the delinquent act has been filed in a tribe's tribal court with respect to a juvenile to whom the circumstances specified in s. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. apply, the court shall stay the proceeding and communicate with the tribal court in which the other proceeding is or may be pending to discuss which court is the more appropriate forum.

SECTION 257. 938.299 (10) of the statutes is created to read:

938.299 (10) If at any point in a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) the court determines that the juvenile is or may be an Indian juvenile, the court shall

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provide notice of the proceeding to the juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). The next hearing in the proceeding may not be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for that hearing.

SECTION 258. 938.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (1) TIME OF HEARING. Except as provided in this subsection and s. 938.299 (10), the hearing to determine the juvenile's plea to a citation or a petition under s. 938.12, 938.125, or 938.13 (12) or (14), or to determine whether any party wishes to contest an allegation that the juvenile is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) er (14) shall take place on a date which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is within 30 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is not being held in secure custody or within 10 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is being held in secure custody. In a municipal court operated jointly by 2 or more cities, towns or villages under s. 755.01 (4), the hearing to determine the juvenile's plea shall take place within 45 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is not being held in secure custody.

Section 259. 938.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (2) Information to Juvenile and parents; basic rights; substitution. At or before the commencement of the hearing under this section the juvenile and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian shall be advised of their rights as specified in s. 938.243 and shall be informed that the hearing shall be to the court and that a request for a substitution of judge under s. 938.29 must be made

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before the end of the plea hearing or is waived. Nonpetitioning parties, including the juvenile, shall be granted a continuance of the plea hearing if they wish to consult with an attorney on the request for a substitution of a judge.

Section 260. 938.30 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (6) (a) If a petition is not contested, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the dispositional hearing which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days from the plea hearing for a juvenile who is held in secure custody and no more than 30 days from the plea hearing for a juvenile who is not held in secure custody. If all parties consent the court may proceed immediately with the dispositional hearing. If a citation is not contested, the court may proceed immediately to enter a dispositional order.

SECTION 261. 938.30 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (7) Contested petitions or citations; date for fact-finding hearing. If the petition or citation is contested, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the fact-finding hearing that allows a reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 20 days from after the plea hearing for a juvenile who is held in secure custody and no more than 30 days from after the plea hearing for a juvenile who is not held in secure custody.

Section 262. 938.305 of the statutes is amended to read:

938.305 Hearing upon the involuntary removal of a juvenile. Notwithstanding other time periods for hearings under this chapter, if a juvenile is removed from the physical custody of the juvenile's parent or guardian under s. 938.19(1)(c) or (d) 5. without the consent of the parent or guardian, the court, subject to s. 938.299(10), shall schedule a plea hearing and fact-finding hearing within 30 days after a request from the parent or guardian from whom custody was removed.

1	The plea hearing and fact-finding hearing may be combined. This time period may
2	be extended only with the consent of the requesting parent or guardian.

SECTION 263. 938.31 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.31 (7) (a) At the close of the fact-finding hearing, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the dispositional hearing that allows a reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days after the fact-finding hearing for a juvenile in secure custody and no more than 30 days after the fact-finding hearing for a juvenile not held in secure custody. If all parties consent, the court may immediately proceed with a dispositional hearing.

Section 264. 938.315 (1) (a) 11. of the statutes is created to read:

938.315 (1) (a) 11. A continuance, not to exceed 20 days, granted at the request of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe of a juvenile who is or may be an Indian juvenile to enable the requester to prepare for a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the juvenile.

SECTION 265. 938.315 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.315 (2) CONTINUANCE FOR GOOD CAUSE. A continuance may be granted by the court only upon a showing of good cause in open court or during a telephone conference under s. 807.13 on the record and only for so long as is necessary, taking into account the request or consent of the representative of the public under s. 938.09 or the parties, the request of a person specified in sub. (1) (a) 11., the interests of the victims, and the interest of the public in the prompt disposition of cases.

SECTION 266. 938.32 (1) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.32 (1) (d) and amended to read:

938.32 (1) (d) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing

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under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the
permanency plan for the juvenile. The agency responsible for preparing the
permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days
before the date of the hearing.
Section 267. 938.32 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 268. 938.32 (1) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 269. 938.33 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

938.33 (4) (d) In the case of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), if the agency knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile, a description of any efforts undertaken to determine whether the juvenile is an Indian juvenile; specific information showing that continued custody of the juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile, under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1.; specific information showing that the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful; a statement as to whether the out-of-home care placement recommended is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a); and, if the recommended placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departure from that order.

SECTION 270. 938.335 (3j) of the statutes is created to read:

938.335 (3j) Indian Juvenile; active efforts finding. At hearings under this section involving an Indian juvenile who is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), if the agency, as defined in s. 938.38 (1) (a), is recommending placement of the Indian juvenile in a foster home, treatment foster home, group

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home, or residential care center for children and youth or in the home of a relative
other than a parent, the agency shall present as evidence specific information
showing all of the following:

- (a) That continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1.
- (b) That the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.
- (c) That the placement recommended is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if that placement is not in compliance with that order, good cause for departing from that order.

SECTION 271. 938.345 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.345 (1m) Indian Juvenile; Placement Preferences. (a) Subject to s. 938.028 (6) (b) (if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) and who is being placed in an out-of-home care placement, as defined in s. 938.028 (2) (c), the court shall designate one of the placements specified in s. 938.028 (6) (a) 1. to 4. as the placement for the Indian juvenile, in the order of preference listed.

Section 272. 938.355 (2) (b) 6v. of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (2) (b) 6v. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 983.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) and who is placed outside the home, a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the

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Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence as to whether the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services under a court order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 273. 938.355 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (2) (d) The court shall provide a copy of the dispositional order to the juvenile's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or trustee and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

Section 274. 938.355 (2c) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (2c) (title) Reasonable efforts and active efforts standards.

SECTION 275. 938.355 (2c) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (2c) (s) When a court makes a finding under sub. (2) (b) 6v. as to whether the county department or the agency primarily responsible for providing services to an Indian juvenile under a court order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family, the court's consideration of active efforts shall include the considerations listed under par. (a) 1. to 5., whether visitation schedules between the Indian juvenile and his or her parents were implemented, unless visitation was denied or limited by the court, whether the order of preference for placement of the Indian juvenile under s. 938.028 (6) (a) was followed, and whether the services provided to the Indian juvenile and his or her family were culturally responsive to their needs.

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SECTION 276. 938.355 (2d) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.355 (2d) (c) and amended to read:

938.355 (2d) (c) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under par. (b)

1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing <u>under s. 938.38</u>

(4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

SECTION 277. 938.355 (2d) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 278. 938.355 (2d) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 279. 938.355 (6) (an) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6) (an) 1. If a juvenile who has violated a municipal ordinance, other than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (1m) or (2), violates a condition of a dispositional order imposed by the municipal court, the municipal court may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to impose on the juvenile the sanction under par. (d) 1. or the sanction under par. (d) 3., with monitoring by an electronic monitoring system. A sanction may be imposed under this subdivision only if, at the time of the judgment, the municipal court explained the conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of those possible sanctions for a violation or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and possible sanctions. The petition shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the juvenile may be

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subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

Section 280. 938.355 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6) (b) *Motion to impose sanction*. A motion for imposition of a sanction may be brought by the person or agency primarily responsible for the provision of dispositional services, the district attorney or corporation counsel, or the court that entered the dispositional order. If the court initiates the motion, that court is disqualified from holding a hearing on the motion. Notice of the motion shall be given to the juvenile, guardian ad litem, counsel, parent, guardian, legal custodian, and all parties present at the original dispositional hearing. The motion shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963 and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

SECTION 281. 938.355 (6) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (6) (bm) *Indian juvenile; notice*. If the person initiating the motion knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) or who has been adjudged to have violated a civil law or ordinance, notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (c) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

Section 282. 938.355 (6) (cr) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (6) (cr) Indian juvenile; findings. The court may not order the sanction of placement in a place of nonsecure custody specified in par. (d) 1. for an Indian juvenile who has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 983.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) or who has been adjudged to have violated a civil law or ordinance unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the agency primarily responsible for providing services for the Indian juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

Section 283. 938.355 (6m) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6m) (am) 1. If a juvenile who has violated a municipal ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (2) violates a condition of a dispositional order imposed by the municipal court, the municipal court may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to impose on the juvenile the sanction specified in par. (a) 1g. A sanction may be imposed under this subdivision only if, at the time of the judgment the municipal court explained the conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of that possible sanction or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and that possible sanction and that he or she understands those conditions and that possible sanction. The petition shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25

USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

SECTION 284. 938.355 (6m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (6m) (bm) *Indian juvenile*; notice. If the person initiating the motion knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile, notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (c) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 285. 938.355 (6m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6m) (c) Sanction hearing. Before imposing a sanction under par. (a) or (ag), the court shall hold a hearing at which the juvenile is entitled to be represented by legal counsel and to present evidence. The Except as provided in par. (bm), the hearing shall be held within 15 days after the filing of a motion under par. (b).

SECTION 286. 938.355 (6m) (cr) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 **(6m)** (cr) *Indian juvenile; findings*. The court may not order the sanction of placement in a place of nonsecure custody specified in par. (a) 1g. for an Indian juvenile unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the

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agency primarily responsible for providing services for the Indian juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

Section 287. 938.357 (1) (am) 1g. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (am) 1g. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), a notice under subd. 1. shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference Or, it applicable, (b) under s. 938.028 (6) (a) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departing from that order.

SECTION 288. 938.357 (1) (am) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (am) 1m. In a proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under subd. 1. to the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). It like manner, the court shall also provide notice of the hearing,

gogether with a copy of the request for the change in placement, to the Indian

juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe No hearing on the request may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian,

SECTION 291. 938.357 (1) (c) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

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938.35 (1) (c) 1m. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), a request under subd. 1. shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departing from that order.

Section 292. 938.357(1) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 2m. In a proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under subd. 2. to the Indian juvenile's parent, shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the request for the change in placement, to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing on the request may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

Section 293. 938.357 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 3. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in

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placement order shall contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 1., one of the statements under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in addition the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the determination under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) and contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4.

SECTION 294. 938.357 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (2m) (a) Request; information required. The juvenile, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the juvenile, or any person or agency primarily bound by the dispositional order, other than the person or agency responsible for implementing the order, or, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request a change in placement under this paragraph. The request shall contain the name and address of the new placement requested and shall state what new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement. If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of a juvenile placed in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the home, the request shall also contain specific information showing that continued placement of the juvenile in the juvenile's home would be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile and, unless any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies, specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the juvenile from the home, while assuring that the juvenile's health and safety are the

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also propose a change in placement on its own motion.

Section 295. 938.357 (2m) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2m) (am) Indian juvenile; information required. If the proposed change of placement would change the placement of an Indian juvenile placed in the juvenile's home under s. 938.357 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) to a placement outside the juvenile's home, a request under par. (a) shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause for departing from that order.

SECTION 296. 938.357 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (2m) (b) Hearing; when required. The court shall hold a hearing prior to ordering any change in placement requested or proposed under par. (a) if the request states that new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement. A hearing is not required if the requested or proposed change in placement does not involve a change in placement of a juvenile placed in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, written waivers of objection to the proposed change in placement are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice under sub. (1) (am) 1, and the court approves. If a hearing is

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scheduled, not less than 3 days before the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile,
the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent,
treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the
juvenile, and all parties who are bound by the dispositional order at least 3 days prior
to the hearing, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection
or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian
and tribe. A copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement shall be
attached to the notice. If all of the parties consent, the court may proceed
immediately with the hearing.

SECTION 297. 938.357 (2m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2m) (bm) Indian juvenile; notice. If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of an Indian juvenile placed in the juvenile's home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) to a placement outside the juvenile's home, notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement, to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing on the request or proposal may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 298. 938.357 (2m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (2m) (c) In-home to out-of-home placement; findings required. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall contain

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the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 1., one of the statements under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in addition the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the determination under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) and contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4.

Section 299. 938.357 (2v) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2v) (a) 4. If the change in placement order changes an Indian juvenile's placement from a placement in the Indian juvenile's home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) to a placement outside the Indian juvenile's home, a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 300. 938.357 (2v) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.357 (2v) (c) and amended to read:

938.357 (2v) (c) If the court finds under par. (a) 3. that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this

paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court at least 5 days before the date of the hearing.

SECTION 301. 938.357 (2v) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 302. 938.357 (2v) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 303. 938.363 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.363 (1) (a) A juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, any person or agency bound by a dispositional order, or the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered or, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request a revision in the order that does not involve a change in placement, including a revision with respect to the amount of child support to be paid by a parent. The court may also propose a revision. The request or court proposal shall set forth in detail the nature of the proposed revision and what new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's disposition. The request or court proposal shall be submitted to the court. The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to any revision of the dispositional order if the request or court proposal indicates that new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order, unless written waivers of objections to the revision are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice and the court approves.

SECTION 304. 938.363 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, at least 3 days before the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all parties bound by the dispositional order, the juvenile's foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district

attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered at least 3 days prior to the hearing and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. A copy of the request or proposal shall be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective period of the original order, or revise an original order under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) to impose more than a total of 30 days of detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment on a juvenile.

SECTION 305. 938.365 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (1m) Request for extension. The parent, juvenile, guardian, legal custodian, any person or agency bound by the dispositional order, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, or the court on its own motion, or, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request an extension of an order under s. 938.355. The request shall be submitted to the court which that entered the order. An order under s. 938.355 for placement of a juvenile in detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) may not be extended. Other orders or portions of orders under s. 938.355 may be extended only as provided in this section.

SECTION 306. 938.365 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2) Notice. No order may be extended without a hearing. The court shall notify provide notice of the time and place of the hearing to the juvenile or the juvenile's guardian ad litem or counsel, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all of the parties present at the original hearing, the juvenile's foster

parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered of the time and place of the hearing, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian.

SECTION 307. 938.365 (2g) (b) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

938.365 (**2g**) (b) 4. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), specific information showing that active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. have been made to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 308. 938.365 (2m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (a) 1. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of extension. If the juvenile is placed outside of his or her home, the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile shall present as evidence specific information showing that the person or agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. If an Indian juvenile is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian juvenile shall also present as evidence specific information showing that the person or agency has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

1m. The court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the evidence. The findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts

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were made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the findings of fact shall also include a finding as to whether active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. were made to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and as to whether those efforts have proved unsuccessful. An order shall be issued under s. 938.355.

Section 309. 938.365 (2m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (a) 3. The court shall make the findings under subd. 1. 1m. relating to reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan and the findings under subd. 2. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the juvenile and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the order issued under s. 938.355. An order that merely references subd. 1. 1m. or 2. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the order or an amended order that retroactively corrects an earlier order that does not comply with this subdivision is not sufficient to comply with this subdivision.

SECTION 310. 938.365 (2m) (ad) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.365 (2m) (ad) and amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (ad) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the

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1	agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency
2	plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
3	SECTION 311. 938.365 (2m) (ad) 2. of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 312. 938.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	938.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent,
6	or other physical custodian described in s. $48.62(2)$ who is notified of a hearing under
7	par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by permitting the
8	foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written
9	or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the
10	hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent, treatment foster parent,
11	or other physical custodian who receives notice of a hearing under $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ or sub.
12	(2) and an opportunity to be heard under this paragraph does not become a party to
13	the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice
14	and having the opportunity to be heard.
15	SECTION 313. 938.38 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	938.38 (3) Time. (intro.) Subject to s. 938.355 (2d) (c) 1., the agency shall file
17	the permanency plan with the court within 60 days after the date on which the
18	juvenile was first removed from his or her home, except under either of the following
19	conditions:
20	SECTION 314. 938.38 (4) (i) of the statutes is created to read:
21	938.38 (4) (i) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection
22	or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), all of the following:
23	1. The name, address, and telephone number of the Indian juvenile's Indian

- 2. A description of the remedial services and rehabilitation programs offered under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. in an effort to prevent the breakup of the Indian family.
- 3. A statement as to whether the Indian juvenile's placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference specified in s. 938.028 (6) (a) and, if the placement is not in compliance with that order, an explanation for the departure from that order.

SECTION 315. 938.38 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (4m) Permanency plan determination hearing. (a) If in a proceeding under s. 938.21, 938.32, 938.355, 938.357, or 938.365 the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

- (b) At least 10 days before the date of the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile, any parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, and any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing.
- (c) If the court knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is or is alleged to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (a) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian

custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

(d) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and having the opportunity to be heard.

SECTION 316. 938.38 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the parents of the juvenile, the juvenile, if he or she is 10 years of age or older, and; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe of the date, time, and place of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may have an opportunity to be heard at the review by submitting written comments not less than 10 working days before the review or by participating at the review. The court or agency shall notify the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem of the date of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may submit written

comments not less than 10 working days before the review. The notices under this paragraph shall be provided in writing not less than 30 days before the review and copies of the notices shall be filed in the juvenile's case record.

SECTION 317. 938.38 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (5) (bm) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No review may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the review.

SECTION 318. 938.38 (5) (c) 8. of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (5) (c) 8. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), whether active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. were made by the agency to prevent the breakup of the Indian family whether those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 319. 938.38 (5) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (d) Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall, at least 5 days before a review by a review panel, provide to each person appointed to the review panel, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel and, the juvenile's guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe a copy of the permanency plan and any written who has the findian chill's placement is a compliance with the order of placement per forence under s. 938.028 (6)(a) or if applicable s. 938.028 (6)(b) and if applicable services whether the fits some

comments submitted under par. (b). Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), a person appointed to a review panel, the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel and, the juvenile's guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe may have access to any other records concerning the juvenile for the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

SECTION 320. 938.38 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered the order; the juvenile or the juvenile's counsel er, guardian ad litem; the person representing the interests of the public; the juvenile's parent er, guardian and, or legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's treatment foster parent, or the operator of the facility where the juvenile is living; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

SECTION 321. 938.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5m) (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court shall notify the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13

(4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe of the date, time, and place of the hearing.

Section 322. 938.38 (5m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (**5m**) (bm) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing under par. (a) may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 323. 938.38 (5m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5m) (d) At least 5 days before the date of the hearing the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall provide a copy of the permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (c) to the court, to the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, to the person representing the interests of the public, and to the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), the person representing the interests of the public and, the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe may have access to any other records concerning the juvenile for the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's

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records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

SECTION 324. 938.38 (5m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5m) (e) After the hearing, the court shall make written findings of fact and conclusions of law relating to the determinations under sub. (5) (c) and shall provide a copy of those findings of fact and conclusions of law to the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938,13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. The court shall make the findings specified in sub. (5) (c) 7. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the juvenile and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the findings of fact and conclusions of law prepared under this paragraph. Findings of fact and conclusions of law that merely reference sub. (5) (c) 7. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the findings of fact and conclusions of law or amended findings of fact and conclusions of law that retroactively correct earlier findings of fact and conclusions of law that do not comply with this paragraph are not sufficient to comply with this paragraph.

Section 325. 938.38 (6) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (6) (cm) Standards for active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the family of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7).

LRB-0174/P1 GMM:lxk:rs SECTION 326

1	SECTION 326. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after
2	publication, except as follows:
3	(1) ADOPTIVE PLACEMENT OF INDIAN CHILD. The repeal and recreation of section
4	48.833 of the statutes takes effect on April 1, 2007, or on the day after publication,
5	whichever is later.
6	(END)